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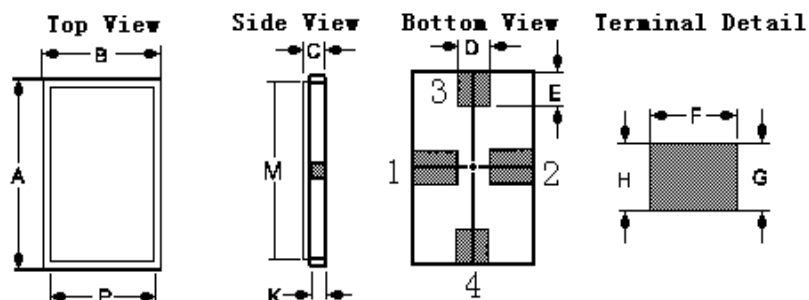
SPECIFICATION

Product: 1-port SAW Resonator
Model: NDR303.325S2

NANJING ELECTRONIC DEVICES INSTITUTE, CHINA

524 East Zhongshan Rd., Nanjing, Jiangsu, P. R. China

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1.Package Dimension (SM-2)

Dimensions	Millimeters	
	Min.	Max.
A		6.30
B		4.44
C		2.08
D	0.94	1.10
E	0.83	1.20
F	1.16	1.53
G	0.94	1.10
H	0.43	0.59
K	1.96	2.00
M		4.8
P		2.9

2. Marking**NDR303.325S2**

2-1 Color: White

2-2 Center Frequency (MHz): 303.325

3. Performance**3-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Dissipation	0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals (Observe ESD Precautions)	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature	+250	°C

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3-2 Electronic Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency at +25°C	Absolute Frequency	f_c	303.250		303.400	MHz
	Tolerance from 303.325MHz	Δf_c			± 75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL		1.3	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U		14,200		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L		1,900		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T_0	24	39	54	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f_0		f_c		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging Absolute Value during the First Year		$ f_A $		10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Pins			1.0			M Ω
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_M		19	26	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L_M		119.245		μ H
	Motional Capacitance	C_M		2.25143		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C_P	2.0	2.2	2.4	pF

☺ **CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling!**

Notes:

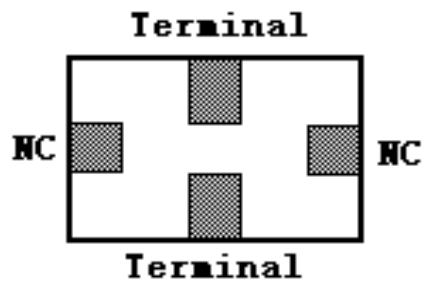
- Frequency aging is the change in f_c with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- The center frequency, f_c , is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN} , with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR $\leq 1.2:1$). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST} , is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_c . Typically, $f_{oscillator}$ or $f_{transmitter}$ is approximately equal to the resonator f_c .
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Unless noted otherwise, case temperature TC = +25°C \pm 2°C.
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_c , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_c versus T_C , and C_O .
- Turnover temperature, T_0 , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_0 . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, TC, may be calculated from: $f = f_0 [1 - FTC (T_0 - T_C)2]$. Typically *oscillator* T_0 is approximately equal to the specified resonator T_0 .
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_O is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can be calculated as:
 $C_P = C_O - 0.05 \text{ pF}$.

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4. Electrical Connections**5. Typical Test Circuit**