



# GRF6411 31.75 dB RANGE / 0.25 dB STEP DIGITAL VGA 0.05 to 8 GHz

#### FEATURES

- 31.75 dB range with 0.25 dB steps via 7-bit Control
- Programmable *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> Attenuation Setting Which Circumvents Delays Associated with SPI Programming
- Glitchless Stepping (< 2 dB Over/Undershoot)
- DSA Supports Bi-directional RF Use
- 3.3 V and 5 V Supply Voltages
- 50  $\Omega$  Single-ended Input and Output Impedances
- -40 to 115 °C Operating Temperature Range
- Compact 3 x 3 mm QFN-16 Package

#### Reference: 5 V / 2 GHz / DSA+AMP Cascade / Max G

- Gain: 19.2 dB
- Noise Figure: 2.7 dB
- OP1dB: 22.7 dBm
- OIP3: 35.8 dBm
- INL Attenuation Error: 0.04 dB
- DNL Attenuation Error: 0.05 dB

#### APPLICATIONS

- Wireless Infrastructure
- Automotive Cellular and V2X Compensators
- High Performance Gain Trim & AGC Loops

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The GRF6411 is a SPI-controlled, 31.75 dB range digital variable gain amplifier (DVGA) which provides precise stepping in 0.25 dB increments. In addition to supporting traditional serial programming, the GRF6411 also includes a special *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> selection pin which allows the device to be immediately switched into a predefined attenuation state.

In terms of performance, the GRF6411 can cover the entire 50 MHz to 8 GHz range while still maintaining flat gain as well as precise and monotonic gain stepping. Glitching has been minimized to < 2 dB for all steps.

#### BLOCK DIAGRAM







**Pin Out (Top View)** 



# Pin Assignments

Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	LE	LE Latch Enable If left unconnected, logic will default to HIGH due to in and then back to LOW updates the programming regis	
2	CLK	Clock	Serial clock input.
3	SI	Serial Input	Serial data input.
4, 6, 15	GND	Ground	Internally grounded. This pin must be grounded with a via as close to the pin as possible.
5	V <sub>DSA</sub> (V_DSA)	DSA Bias Voltage	Connect to $V_{\mbox{\tiny DD}}.$ Use bypass capacitors as close to the pin as possible.
7	DSA_1	DSA Port 1	Internally matched 50 $\Omega$ . An external DC blocking cap must be used if there is voltage present on the RF line. Since the attenuator supports bi-directional operation, the DSA_1 port can serve as an input or output.
8, 9, 11, 12	GND/NC	Ground or No Connect	No internal connection to die. Although these pins are not connected to the die, they should be grounded with a via as close to the pin as possible.
10	AMP_OUT/VDD	Amplifier Output/V <sub>DD</sub> Bias	Provides device $V_{DD}$ via external bias inductor/ferrite bead.
13	AMP_IN	Amplifier Input	External match must provide DC block.
14	DSA_2	DSA Port 2	Internally matched 50 $\Omega$ . An external DC blocking cap must be used if there is voltage present on the RF line. Since the attenuator supports bi-directional operation, the DSA_2 port can serve as an input or output.
16	RFA	Rapid Fire Attenuation Select	Logic control for engaging the " <i>Rapid Fire Attenuation</i> " feature. Logic HIGH sets the DSA to the pre-defined RFA attenuation state (which is typically set during the initial SPI programming phase). If a custom attenuation setting is not programmed in, then the RFA setting will default to the full attenuation state (31.75 dB). Logic LOW reverts to the previous attenuation state as defined during the last programming sequence. Refer to the programming section for details.
PKG BASE	GND	Ground	Provides DC and RF ground for the amplifier, as well as thermal heat sink. Recommend multiple 8 mil vias beneath the package for optimal RF and thermal performance. Refer to evaluation board top layer graphic on schematic page.



## **Absolute Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage - DSA	V <sub>DSA</sub>	-0.3	6	V
Supply Voltage – Amplifier	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	6	V
SI, LE, CLK	V <sub>SPI</sub>	-0.3	6	V
Externally Applied DC Voltage to DSA_1 Pin.	V <sub>DSA_1</sub>	-0.3	0.3	V
Externally Applied DC Voltage to DSA_2 Pin.	V <sub>DSA_2</sub>	-0.3	0.3	V
Short-term Exposure to RF Input Power – DSA				
(DSA_1 or DSA_2, Load VSWR = 1:1; Assumes Static State Only; All Attenuation States, $V_{DSA} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $F_{TEST} \ge 500 \text{ MHz}$ , No Hot Switching, $T_{PKG BASE} = 25 \text{ °C}$ ).	Pdsa in max - st		32	dBm
Long-term Exposure to RF Input Power – DSA				
(DSA_1 or DSA_2, Load VSWR = 1:1; Assumes Static State Only; Max Attenuation State (31.75 dB), $V_{DSA}$ = 5.5 V, $F_{TEST}$ = 50 MHz, No Hot Switching, $T_{PKG BASE}$ = 105 °C).	Pdsa in max - lt		26.5	dBm
Long-term Exposure to RF Input Power – Amplifier (CW, Load VSWR < 2:1, $V_{DD}$ = 5 V).	P <sub>AMP IN MAX</sub> - LT		20	dBm
Operating Temperature (Exposed Paddle on Package Base)	Tpkg base	-40	115	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature – DSA Core	T <sub>J-MAX</sub>		125	°C
Maximum Channel Temperature – Amplifier Core	Тсн-мах		170	°C

Charged Device Model	CDM	TBD	kV
Human Body Model	НВМ	TBD	kV

Storage

Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65	150	°C
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL		TBD	_



### **Caution! ESD Sensitive Device.**

Exceeding Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage.

Note: For additional information, please refer to *Manufacturing Note MN-001 — Package and Manufacturing Information*.



All Guerrilla RF products are provided in RoHS compliant lead (Pb)-free packaging. For additional information, please refer to the *Certificate of RoHS Compliance*.



## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

				Specification	ı		
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Supply Voltage - D	SA	V <sub>DSA</sub>	3	5	5.5	V	
Supply Voltage - A	mplifier	V <sub>DD</sub>	3	5	6	V	
Operating Tempera	ature Range	Tpkg base	-40		+115	°C	Measured on package base.
RF Frequency Rang	je <b>(note 1)</b>	F <sub>RF</sub>	0.05		8	GHz	
RF Input Power –				27		Static attenuation state: all state changes occur in the absence of any RF power being applied to the device.	
DSA Core	Hot Switching	Pin max - dsa			20	dBm	Hot switching condition: state changes can occur at any time while RF power is applied to the device.
RF Input Power – A	mplifier Core	PIN MAX - AMP			20	dBm	
DSA_1 Port Impeda	ance	Z <sub>DSA_1</sub>		50		Ω	Single-ended.
DSA_2 Port Impeda	ance	Z <sub>DSA_2</sub>		50		Ω	Single-ended.
AMP_IN Port Impe	dance	Z <sub>AMP_IN</sub>		50		Ω	Single-ended.
AMP_OUT Port Imp	bedance	Zamp_out		50		Ω	Single-ended.

Note 1: Operation outside of this range is possible, but with degraded performance of some parameters.



 $V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ ,  $F_{TEST} = 50 MHz$ ,  $P_{IN} = TBD$ ,

 $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ }F_{TEST} = 50 \text{ }MHz, \text{ }P_{IN} = \text{ }TBD,$ 

°C

°C

CW.

CW.

## **Nominal Operating Parameters - General**

				Specification	1		
Para	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Logic Input Low		VIL	0		0.63	V	
Logic Input High		Vih	1.17		V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
Logic Current		IIL, IIH		200		μΑ	V <sub>DSA</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>PKG BASE</sub> = 105 °C.
DSA Supply	5 V Supply	Idsa-5v		190		μΑ	V <sub>DSA</sub> = 5 V, Static operation.
Current	3.3 V Supply	I <sub>DSA-3.3V</sub>		225		μΑ	V <sub>DSA</sub> = 3.3 V, Static operation.
Amplifier Supply	5 V Supply	IAMP-5V		130		mA	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V.
Current	3.3 V Supply	I <sub>AMP-3.3V</sub>		70		mA	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V.
Serial Clock Speed		f <sub>CLK</sub>			30	MHz	
LE to First Serial Clo	ock Rising Edge	t <sub>LS</sub>	10			ns	50% of LE falling edge to 50% of CLK rising edge.
Serial Data Hold Tir	ne	t <sub>H</sub>	10			ns	50% of CLK rising edge to 50% of Data falling edge.
Final Serial Clock Ri	sing Edge to LE	tcls	10			ns	50% of CLK rising edge to 50% of LE rising edge.
	Any Adjacent Step	T <sub>SETTLE</sub> -ADJ		47		ns	
DSA Settling Time	Max to Min Attenuation	Tsettle-max-min		322		ns	50% of LE to within 0.1dB of the final value.
	Min to Max Attenuation	T <sub>SETTLE-MIN-MAX</sub>		723		ns	
Thermal Data	·						·
DSA Thermal Resist	ance (Infrared Scan).	(BJC-DSA		47.8		°C/W	On standard evaluation board.
Amp Thermal Resis	tance (Infrared Scan).	ΘJC-AMP		TBD		°C/W	On standard evaluation board.
DSA Junction Temp +115 °C Ref (Pkg B	perature @ T <sub>PKG BASE</sub> = ase).	T,		125		°C	$V_{DSA} = 5.5 \text{ V},  \text{F}_{\text{TEST}} = 50  \text{MHz},  \text{Max}$ Attenuation (31.75 dB), $\text{P}_{\text{IN}} = 23  \text{dBm},$ CW.
DSA Junction Temp +105 °C Ref (Pkg Ba	perature @ T <sub>PKG BASE</sub> = ase).	TJ @ 105℃		115		°C	$V_{DSA} = 5.5 \text{ V},  \text{F}_{\text{TEST}} = 50 \text{ MHz}, \text{ Max} \\ \text{Attenuation (31.75 dB), } \text{P}_{\text{IN}} = 23 \text{ dBm}, \\ \text{CW}.$

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 $T_{CH}$ 

Тсн @ 105°с

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TBD

TBD

Amp Channel Temperature @ T<sub>PKG BASE</sub> =

Amp Channel Temperature @ T<sub>PKG BASE</sub> =

+115 °C Ref (Pkg Base).

+105 °C Ref (Pkg Base).



## Nominal Operating Parameters – RF [DSA → AMP Configuration]

The following conditions apply unless noted otherwise: Typical Application Schematic, **DSA + AMP cascaded in series**, attenuator set for maximum gain (0 dB attenuation),  $V_{DSA} = 5 V$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5 V$ , 50  $\Omega$  system impedance,  $F_{TEST} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$ ,  $T_{PKG BASE} = 25 \text{ °C}$ . Evaluation board losses are included within the specifications.

			Specification			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
			21.2			$F_{RF} = 0.5 \text{ GHz}.$
			20.7		-	$F_{RF} = 1 \text{ GHz}.$
			19.2			$F_{RF} = 2 \text{ GHz}.$
			17.6			$F_{RF} = 2.5 \text{ GHz}.$
Gain (DSA + Amp, Cascaded)	G		16.5		dB	F <sub>RF</sub> = 3.55 GHz.
			15.2			F <sub>RF</sub> = 4.7 GHz.
			12.7		_	$F_{RF} = 6.4 \text{ GHz}.$
			11.3			F <sub>RF</sub> = 7.2 GHz.
			10.4			$F_{RF} = 8 \text{ GHz}.$
			0.4			$0.05 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 2 \text{ GHz}.$
			0.2		-	$2 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 3 \text{ GHz}.$
			0.4			$3 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 4 \text{ GHz}.$
Gain Flatness Over any 200 MHz Band (DSA + Amp, Cascaded)	G <sub>FLAT</sub>		0.4		dB	$4 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 5 \text{ GHz}.$
(b), ( ), (inp, cuscular)			0.2			$5 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 6 \text{ GHz}.$
			0.3			$6 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 7 \text{ GHz}.$
			0.4			7 GHz ≤ $F_{RF}$ ≤ 8 GHz.
Gain Variation Over Temp (DSA + Amp, Cascaded)	G <sub>TEMP</sub>		+0.8 / -0.7		dB	T <sub>PKG BASE</sub> -40 to 115 °C. Referenced to T <sub>PKG BASE</sub> = 25 °C.



## **GRF6411** 0.25 dB Step DVGA 50 MHz to 8 GHz

			Specification	1		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Мах.	Unit	Condition
			> 11			$0.05 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 2 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 12			$2 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 3 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 12			$3 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 4 \text{ GHz}.$
DSA_1 (Input) Return Loss	RL <sub>IN</sub>		> 15		dB	$4 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 5 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 8			$5 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 6 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 8		_	$6 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 7 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 9			$7 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 8 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 15			$0.05 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 2 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 12		dB	$2 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 3 \text{ GHz}.$
	RLout		> 12			$3 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 4 \text{ GHz}.$
AMP_OUT (Output) Return Loss			> 15			$4 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 5 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 15			$5 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 6 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 13			$6 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 7 \text{ GHz}.$
			> 11			$7 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 8 \text{ GHz}.$
			2.7			$F_{RF} = 0.5 \text{ GHz}.$
			2.7			$F_{RF} = 1 \text{ GHz}.$
			2.6			$F_{RF} = 2 \text{ GHz}.$
			3			F <sub>RF</sub> = 2.5 GHz.
NF (DSA + Amp, Cascaded)	NF		3.9		dB	F <sub>RF</sub> = 3.55 GHz.
			4.3			F <sub>RF</sub> = 4.7 GHz.
			4			F <sub>RF</sub> = 6.4 GHz.
			6			F <sub>RF</sub> = 7.2 GHz.
			6.8			F <sub>RF</sub> = 8 GHz.



### PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

			Specification				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
			38			$F_{RF} = 0.5 \text{ GHz}$	-
	_		38		_	F <sub>RF</sub> = 1 GHz	
	-		37		_	F <sub>RF</sub> = 2 GHz	_
	-		37		_	$F_{RF} = 2.5 \text{ GHz}$	4 dBm P <sub>OUT</sub> per tone at 1 MHz
	-		37			F <sub>RF</sub> = 3.55 GHz	spacing
Output 3rd Order Intercept Point	OIP3		35		dDma	$F_{RF} = 4.7 \text{ GHz}$	ATTN = 0 dB
(DSA + Amp, Cascaded)	OIP3		34		dBm	$F_{RF} = 6.4 \text{ GHz}$	-
	-		31		_	$F_{RF} = 7.2 \text{ GHz}$	-
	-		28		_	F <sub>RF</sub> = 8 GHz	
	-		37		_	ATTN = 0 dB	4 dBm P <sub>OUT</sub> per tone at 1 MHz
	-		TBD		_	ATTN = 15.75 dB	spacing
			TBD			ATTN = 31.75 dB	F <sub>RF</sub> = 2 GHz
			22.5			$F_{RF} = 0.5 \text{ GHz}$	ATTN = 0 dB
	-		22.4			$F_{RF} = 1 \text{ GHz}$	
	-		22.8			$F_{RF} = 2 \text{ GHz}$	
	-		22.9		_	$F_{RF} = 2.5 \text{ GHz}$	
	-		22.5			F <sub>RF</sub> = 3.55 GHz	
Output 1dB Compression			22.2			$F_{RF} = 4.7 \text{ GHz}$	
(DSA + AMP, Cascaded)	OP <sub>1dB</sub>		21		dBm	$F_{RF} = 6.4 \text{ GHz}$	
	-		19.6			$F_{RF} = 7.2 \text{ GHz}$	
			16.4			$F_{RF} = 8 \text{ GHz}$	
	-		22.9			ATTN = 0 dB	
	-		TBD			ATTN = 15.75 dB	F <sub>RF</sub> = 2 GHz
			TBD			ATTN = 31.75 dB	1
Attenuation Range	Grange		31.75		dB		
Attenuation Resolution	Gstep		0.25		dB		
Over/Undershoot During Step Transition	Gover/undershoot		< 2		dB	Any step.	



## **GRF6411** 0.25 dB Step DVGA 50 MHz to 8 GHz

			Specification			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
			± 0.02			$0.05 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 1 \text{ GHz}.$
			± 0.03			$1 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{RF} \leq 2 \text{ GHz}.$
			± 0.05		_	$2 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 3 \text{ GHz}.$
Step Error Between Any Two Adjacent			± 0.07			$3 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 4 \text{ GHz}.$
States	DNL		± 0.08		- dB	$4 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 5 \text{ GHz}.$
			± 0.09			$5 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 6 \text{ GHz}.$
			TBD			$6 \text{ GHz} \leq F_{\text{RF}} \leq 7 \text{ GHz}.$
			TBD			7 GHz ≤ $F_{RF}$ ≤ 8 GHz.
			0.07			ATTN = 6 dB.
	INL 0.5 GHz		0.11		dB	ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 0.5 GHz			0.18			ATTN = 18 dB.
			0.24			ATTN = 24 dB.
			0.26			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.05			ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.09			ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 1 GHz	INL 1 GHz		0.13		dB	ATTN = 18 dB.
			0.17			ATTN = 24 dB.
			0.15			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.03			ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.04			ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 2 GHz	INL 2 GHz		0.04		dB	ATTN = 18 dB.
			0.02			ATTN = 24 dB.
			-0.03			ATTN = 30 dB.



## **GRF6411** 0.25 dB Step DVGA 50 MHz to 8 GHz

			Specification			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Мах.	Unit	Condition
			0.02			ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.01			ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 2.5 GHz	INL 2.5 GHz		-0.05		dB	ATTN = 18 dB.
			-0.12			ATTN = 24 dB.
			-0.27			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.01			ATTN = 6 dB.
			-0.03			ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 3.55 GHz	INL 3.55 GHz		-0.19		dB	ATTN = 18 dB.
			-0.37			ATTN = 24 dB.
			-0.66			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.03			ATTN = 6 dB.
	INL 4.7 GHz		-0.06		- dB -	ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 4.7 GHz			-0.38			ATTN = 18 dB.
			-0.72			ATTN = 24 dB.
			-1.18			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.03			ATTN = 6 dB.
			-0.06			ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 6.4 GHz	INL 6.4 GHz		-0.38		dB	ATTN = 18 dB.
			-0.72			ATTN = 24 dB.
			-1.18			ATTN = 30 dB.
			TBD			ATTN = 6 dB.
			TBD			ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 7.2 GHz	INL 7.2 GHz		TBD		dB	ATTN = 18 dB.
			TBD			ATTN = 24 dB.
			TBD			ATTN = 30 dB.

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## **GRF6411** 0.25 dB Step DVGA 50 MHz to 8 GHz

			Specification	1		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Мах.	Unit	Condition
			TBD			ATTN = 6 dB.
			TBD			ATTN = 10 dB.
Absolute Attenuation Error at 8 GHz	INL 8 GHz		TBD		dB	ATTN = 18 dB.
			TBD			ATTN = 24 dB.
			TBD			ATTN = 30 dB.
			7			F <sub>RF</sub> = 0.5 GHz.
			12.5			F <sub>RF</sub> = 1 GHz.
			25			$F_{RF} = 2 \text{ GHz}.$
			31			F <sub>RF</sub> = 2.5 GHz.
Relative Phase Between the MIN and MAX Attenuation States	$\Phi_{\Delta}$		42		o	F <sub>RF</sub> = 3.55 GHz.
			54			F <sub>RF</sub> = 4.7 GHz.
			68		-	F <sub>RF</sub> = 6.4 GHz.
			TBD			F <sub>RF</sub> = 7.2 GHz.
			TBD			$F_{RF} = 8 \text{ GHz}.$
			0.13			ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.09		_	ATTN = 10 dB.
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 0.5 GHz	ASPD 0.5 GHz		0.11		0	ATTN = 18 dB.
			0.33		_	ATTN = 24 dB.
			0.4			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.22			ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.2			ATTN = 10 dB.
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 1 GHz	ASPD 1 GHz		0.23		- -	ATTN = 18 dB.
			0.53			ATTN = 24 dB.
			0.58			ATTN = 30 dB.



## **GRF6411** 0.25 dB Step DVGA 50 MHz to 8 GHz

			Specification			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
			0.42			ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.45			ATTN = 10 dB.
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 2 GHz	ASPD 2 GHz		0.54		o	ATTN = 18 dB.
			1.04			ATTN = 24 dB.
			0.89			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.54			ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.59			ATTN = 10 dB.
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 2.5 GHz	ASPD 2.5 GHz		0.72		0	ATTN = 18 dB.
			1.29			ATTN = 24 dB.
			1.11			ATTN = 30 dB.
			0.84		- - -	ATTN = 6 dB.
			0.92			ATTN = 10 dB.
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 3.55 GHz	ASPD 3.55 GHz		1.1			ATTN = 18 dB.
			1.89			ATTN = 24 dB.
			1.45			ATTN = 30 dB.
			1.18			ATTN = 6 dB.
			1.31			ATTN = 10 dB.
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 4.7 GHz	ASPD 4.7 GHz		1.55		0	ATTN = 18 dB.
			2.47			ATTN = 24 dB.
			1.89			ATTN = 30 dB.
			1.55			ATTN = 6 dB.
			1.69			ATTN = 10 dB.
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 6.4 GHz	ASPD 6.4 GHz		2.04		0	ATTN = 18 dB.
			3.11			ATTN = 24 dB.
			2.52			ATTN = 30 dB.

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### **GRF6411** 0.25 dB Step DVGA 50 MHz to 8 GHz

			Specification				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
			TBD			ATTN = 6 dB.	
			TBD			ATTN = 6 dB. ATTN = 10 dB. ATTN = 10 dB. ATTN = 18 dB. ATTN = 24 dB. ATTN = 30 dB. ATTN = 6 dB. ATTN = 10 dB. ATTN = 10 dB. ATTN = 18 dB. ATTN = 24 dB. ATTN = 24 dB.	
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 7.2 GHz	ASPD 7.2 GHz		TBD		o		
			TBD			ATTN = 24 dB.	
			TBD			ATTN = 30 dB.	
			TBD			ATTN = 6 dB.	
			TBD		ATTN = 10 dB.		
Adjacent Step Phase Deviation at 8 GHz	ASPD <sub>8 GHz</sub>		TBD		0	ATTN = 30 dB. ATTN = 6 dB. ATTN = 10 dB. ATTN = 18 dB. ATTN = 24 dB.	
			TBD		ATTN = 24 dB.		
			TBD			ATTN = 30 dB.	
			TBD			$F_{RF} = 50 \text{ MHz}$ to 65 MHz.	
Maximum Non-RF Driven Spurious Over Rated Frequency Range of 50 MHz to 8	Spur <sub>MAX</sub>		TBD		dBm	$F_{RF} = 65 \text{ MHz}$ to 115 MHz.	
GHz (note 2)			TBD			$F_{RF}$ = 115 MHz to 8 GHz.	

**Note 2:** Spurious due to on-chip negative voltage generator. Typical generator fundamental frequency is 10 MHz. Measured at AMP\_OUT port, terminated into 50 Ω. DSA + Amp cascaded.







## GRF6411 S11Mag(dB) vs Freq(MHz)



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## **GRF6411 Typical Operating Curves: S-Parameters**

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### **Functional Description**

The GRF6411 employs two programming options to control the device's digital step attenuator. The primary programming mode utilizes an enhanced 3-wire SPI (serial-parallel interface). In addition to supporting traditional serial programming, the GRF6411 also includes a special *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> selection pin which allows the device to be immediately switched into a pre-defined attenuation state. The following sections provide specific details on each programming mode.

## **Serial Programming**

The GRF6411 utilizes a 16-bit payload to perform its various addressing and programming functions. Information is shifted in with the least significant bit (LSB) first. Refer to the figure below for an overview of the relevant bit assignments:





The payload consists of two separate 8-bit words. The *data word* is clocked in first. **Bit D7 is reserved; program in a "0"** or a "1" for each SPI transaction. Bits D6-D0 make up the 7-bit data payload. Note that the data payload will vary depending upon the register being targeted with the write command; separate 16-bit SPI transactions are therefore required for programming each of the device's three registers.

The address word is clocked in next, and it includes two separate bit fields. Bits A7-A4 identify the desired register address. **Bits A3-A0 are reserved and must be programmed with a "0000" during each 16-bit SPI transaction.** 

The figure below depicts the timing associated with each programming sequence.





The sequence begins when the latch enable (LE) line is pulled LOW. After clocking in all 16 bits of the SPI payload, **an LE** line transition to HIGH and then back to LOW will latch bits D7-D0 into the addressed register. This latching process is completed as soon as LE transitions back to LOW.



## **SPI Timing Intervals**



**SPI Timing Diagram** 

### **SPI Timing Specifications**

		Specification				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Serial Clock (CLK) Speed	f <sub>CLK</sub>			30	MHz	
CLK Period	t1	33.3			ns	
CLK High Duration Time	t2	16.7			ns	
CLK Low Duration Time	t3	16.7			ns	
SI to CLK Setup Time	t4	10			ns	
SI Hold Time	t <sub>5</sub>	10			ns	
LE Low Setup Time	t <sub>6</sub>	10			ns	
LE High Setup Time	t <sub>7</sub>	10			ns	
LE High Time	t <sub>8</sub>	10			ns	



### **Register Mapping**

The GRF6411 includes 3 separate 8-bit registers which help to facilitate the device's various programming functions. The first register, **ATTEN**, is used to set the device's attenuation state when operated in its normal serial mode. Upon all power-on resets (PORs), the register defaults to [0111111], meaning that the attenuator will be set to its maximum attenuation state.

The **CONFIG** register is used to activate the RFA feature. Upon PORs, all bits within the register will default to 0s, thus placing the RFA feature in a disabled state. If the user decides to employ the RFA option, then the [1] bit field must be set to 1 with a separate SPI transaction. Be sure to leave the [0] bit field set to 0; similarly, bits [7:2] should be set to 0 as well.

The third register, **RFAREG**, is tied to the GRF6411's *Rapid Fire Attenuation* feature. As with the ATTEN register, the RFAREG will default to its maximum attenuation state for all POR conditions. Subsequent SPI programming transactions allow the user to set this register to any customized state between 0 and 31.75 dB. The bit assignments within this particular register get passed along to the attenuator core whenever the RFA feature is enabled *and* the external RFA pin (pin 16) goes HIGH.

#### The remaining registers are unused, and they should NOT be written to with any SPI transactions.

Register					
Address	Name	Width	Description	Bit Fields	POR Value
0x0	ATTEN	8 bits	Attenuator state when in serial mode.	[6:0]: DSA Attenuation Word [111111] = Max Atten [1000000] = Half Max Atten [0000000] = Min Atten [7]: Unused; must be set to <b>0</b>	[01111111]
0x1	CONFIG	8 bits	Stores configuration settings	<ul> <li>[0]: Rapid Fire Pointer Flag</li> <li>0 = RFA attenuation is set from RFAREG</li> <li>[1]: Rapid Fire Feature On/Off Selection</li> <li>0 = RFA Disabled</li> <li>1 = RFA Enabled</li> <li>[7:2]: Unused; all bits must be set to 0</li> </ul>	[00000000]
0x2	RFAREG	8 bits	Stores value for Rapid-Fire mode attenuation	[6:0]: RFA (Rapid Fire Attenuation) Word [111111] = Max Atten [1000000] = Half Max Atten [0000000] = Min Atten [7]: Unused; must be set to <b>0</b>	[01111111]
0x3-0xF	Unused	8 bits	Do not write to these registers		[00000000]

#### **Detailed Register Map**



## **Register Truth Tables**

The following truth tables pertain to the attenuator words as used within the ATTEN and RFAREG registers.

### 7-Bit SPI Word Bit Assignments

Data Bit	Attenuation Control
D7	Not Used
D6	16 dB Attenuator Control
D5	8 dB Attenuator Control
D4	4 dB Attenuator Control
D3	2 dB Attenuator Control
D2	1 dB Attenuator Control
D1	0.5 dB Attenuator Control
D0	0.25 dB Attenuator Control

### Serial Control Word Abbreviated Truth Table

Attenuation	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0 dB	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.25 dB	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0.5 dB	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1 dB	Х	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2 dB	х	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
4 dB	Х	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
8 dB	х	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
16 dB	х	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.75 dB	Х	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



### **Basic DSA Serial Programming**

Upon power-on / reset (POR), the GRF6411 will default to an attenuation setting of 31.75 dB. A simple SPI command can then be executed to change this attenuation setting by writing directly to the device's ATTEN register (0x0). Be sure to include the relevant '0s' noted in the diagram below for bits A3-A0. Bit D7 is unused, and it can be assigned a '0' or '1' logic. Apply the relevant attenuation bits within the data word per the truth tables provided above.



#### **16-Bit SPI Payload for Basic DSA Programming**

### Rapid Fire<sup>™</sup> Attenuation (RFA) Feature

The RFA feature enables the user to quickly switch the attenuator into a pre-defined state, thus circumventing the delays commonly associated with serial programming. A single control line allows the user to rapidly toggle between two attenuation states. In essence, the RFA feature provides a hybrid control mechanism which combines the speed of parallel programming with the convenience of a single control line. This form of control is useful for a multitude of applications where fast switching is critical for protecting downstream stages from overexposure to excessively large RF signals. The ability to quickly shift into a secondary state also allows a single device to be used in TDD applications where different attenuation levels are needed for RX and TX applications.

To use the GRF6411's RFA feature, a one-time SPI command must first be sent to device to activate the feature set. (Note that any subsequent PORs will also require the user to re-activate the RFA feature; PORs force the CONFIG register to revert to its default setting, and the RFA is de-activated as part of this default).







Be sure to include the relevant '0s' noted in the diagram for bits A3-A0. Bits D7-D2 are unused and can be assigned a '0' or '1' logic. D1 is set to "1" to activate the RFA feature. **Note that D0 must remain as a '0' as part of this activation process.** (D0 will default to "0" upon PORs). Setting D0 to "0" instructs the device to pull the attenuation setting directly from the RFAREG whenever the RFA pin is pulled HIGH.

To deactivate the RFA feature, simply perform an identical SPI transaction, but set D1 to "0" instead.

To customize the amount of attenuation being 'fired in', an additional SPI command must also be sent to change the RFA level from its default of 31.75dB. Simply perform a separate SPI transaction to write to the RFAREG:



### 16-Bit SPI Payload for Customizing the RFA's Attenuation Setting

As mentioned earlier, be sure to include the '0s' noted in the diagram for bits A3-A0. Apply the relevant attenuation bits within the data word per the truth tables provided above.



## Using the GRF640X/GRF641X DSA Control GUI

#### Requirements

Windows PC with the following:

- Windows 10 (or newer) operating system. (note: the GUI will not run on Mac OS or Linux machines.)
- USB-C capability (either native or via a USB-A to USB-C adapter)

GRF Control GUI

- Executable GUI Application File (.exe)
- GUI can be downloaded directly from the GRF6411 product page. <u>Click here</u> to access the page within Guerrilla RF's website.

#### **Overview**

The GRF6411 evaluation board is designed to work in conjunction with the *Adafruit FT232H USB-C to GPIO, SPI, and I2C Controller.* This separate breakout board attaches directly to the GRF6411's QFN16-30-51-A evaluation board as shown below. After downloading the GRF DSA control software, any USB-C equipped PC running Windows 10 (or newer) can be used to activate the control panel GUI. Please note that more in-depth programming details can be found in the "Detailed Register Map" section of this data sheet.

#### The evaluation board is connected to a USB-C equipped Adafruit breakout board





### **Getting Started**

After downloading the GUI control application onto your PC, simply follow the steps below to initiate communication between your PC and the GRF6411 evaluation board.

- 1. Connect the Adafruit controller to your computer via any USB-C connection. The appropriate drivers for the controller should load automatically for PCs running Windows 10 or 11.
- 2. To activate the "GRF DSA Control" GUI, launch the executable called "grf\_dsa\_gui.exe."

Note: Since the GUI is an executable file, your PC's security software may prevent you from simply downloading and running the application without some form of override or intervention. Review the instructions associated with your preferred security software to allow the executable to launch.

Once launched, the GUI application will reveal the control panel shown below.



The DSA Control Panel



### **Selectable Control Options**

#### **SPI SETTINGS**

**Clock Frequency** 

• Use the pull-down menu to select from a set of pre-determined frequencies ranging from 1 MHz to 30 MHz.

#### SERIAL CONTROL

Chip Address

- This entry automatically formats the three address bits (A0-A2) used within the 16-bit SPI transaction.
- For the GRF6411, the chip's internal address has been hardcoded to '0'. As such, a Chip Address of '0' must be used in order to execute all SPI commands using this GUI.

#### **Register Address**

- This entry selects the targeted register to be written to with the pending SPI transaction.
- Select from one of 3 possible addresses.
  - Address 0: ATTEN register
  - o Address 1: CONFIG register
  - o Address 2: RFAREG register

#### Data

- Use this entry to program bits D0-D7 (the data word) for the pending SPI transaction.
- Select from one of 128 possible word combinations.
  - 0 = x0000000
  - 127 = x1111111

#### Serial Send

- Click on the "Serial Send" button when ready to execute the SPI transaction.
- All data present within the "Chip Address," "Register Address" and "Data" fields will be formatted and sent to the GRF6411 via a 16-bit word.



#### **STATIC CONTROL**

- Use the "Static Control" boxes to select the logic on the RFA (applicable for the GRF6411) and PBAR/S (applicable for the GRF6403) pins.
- **Note:** *Rapid Fire* feature must be first enabled within the CONFIG register in order for the RFA functionality to respond to these commands.
- RFA Logic Assignments (GRF6411 Only)
  - o RFA box checked: Logic HIGH assigned to pin 16 [RFA attenuation (from Register 2) Switched In]
  - RFA box unchecked: Logic LOW assigned to pin 16 [Primary Attenuation (from Register 0) Switched In]
- PBAR/S Logic Assignments (GRF6403 Only)
  - This static control box is only applicable to the GRF6403; selecting/unselecting the box has no impact on the GRF6411
  - o PBARS/S box checked: Logic HIGH assigned to pin 3 on the GRF6403
  - o PBARS/S box unchecked: Logic LOW assigned to pin 3 on the GRF6403

#### PARALLEL CONTROL (Applicable to the GRF6403 Only)

#### Data

- Use this entry to program in the external logic for bits D0-D6 (pins 1, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20 and 19) on the GRF6403
- Select from one of 128 possible word combinations.
  - 0 = x0000000
  - o 127 = x1111111

#### Parallel Send

• Click on the "Parallel Send" button when ready to apply the parallel logic to pins 1, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20 and 19 on the GRF6403

#### Changing the Attenuation Level within the ATTEN Register

- 1. To make any changes via the GUI, be sure that the "Chip Address" has been set to '0'.
- 2. Set the "Register Address" to "0" to select the "ATTEN" register.
- Select the desired attenuation step within the data field. Since the GRF641x series are 7-bit devices, there are 128 discrete 0.25 dB steps. Selecting a "0" in the data field places the DSA in its MINIMUM attenuation state. Conversely, selecting 127 will activate all of the attenuation cells, resulting in a MAXIMUM attenuation state of 31.75 dB. Use the following equation to select the desired attenuation state:

ATTEN State (decimal) = [ ATTEN State (dB) ] / 0.25

4. The "Static Control" and "Parallel Control" fields can be ignored when simply programming the primary ATTEN DSA register.



5. Click on the "Serial Send" button to execute the SPI transaction. Assuming the RFA bit is set to "0" (i.e. the RFA static control box is left unchecked), the DSA will load in the new attenuation value as soon as the SPI transaction is completed.

## Utilizing the *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> Feature Via the GUI

The control panel can be used to switch between the two attenuation states (standard and *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup>) by simply using the RFA checkbox in the "Static Control" field. However, in order to use the RFA feature, the *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> option must first be activated within the CONFIG register.

#### Enabling the *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> Feature on the GRF6411

- 1. Set the "Chip Address" to '0'.
- 2. Set the "Register Address" to 1 to select the CONFIG register.
- 3. Set the "Data" field to 2.
- 4. Hit the "Serial Send" button. Doing so will write a "10" to data bits D0-D1 within the CONFIG register.

#### Setting the Rapid Fire<sup>™</sup> Attenuation State

Upon PORs (Power-On Resets), the RFAREG (*Rapid Fire* register) will automatically be set to represent a full attenuation state of 31.75 dB. To override this default attenuation state, simply reprogram the values in RFAREG with the followings steps:

- 1. Set the "Chip Address" to '0'.
- 2. Set the "Register Address" to 2 to select the RFAREG register.
- 3. Select the desired attenuation step within the data field. As with the ATTEN register, there are 128 discrete 0.25 dB steps that can be chosen. Selecting a "0" in the data field places the DSA in its MINIMUM attenuation state. Conversely, selecting 127 will activate all of the attenuation cells, resulting in a MAXIMUM attenuation state of 31.75 dB. Use the following equation to select the desired attenuation state:

RFA ATTEN state (decimal) = [RFA ATTEN State (dB)] / 0.25

4. Hit the "Serial Send" button.

### Toggling Between the Standard and *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> Attenuation States

Once the *Rapid Fire*<sup>™</sup> feature has been enabled within the CONFIG register, simply apply a checkmark to the RFA box within the Static Control Field.

- RFA box checked: Logic HIGH assigned to pin 16 [RFA Attenuation (from Register 2) Switched In]
- RFA box unchecked: Logic LOW assigned to pin 16 [Primary Attenuation (from Register 0) Switched In]

Please note that more in-depth programming details can be found in the "Detailed Register Map" section of this data sheet.



### **RF Configurations**

As noted within the *Pin Description* section, the RF ports of the DSA and AMP cores are fully accessible via external pinning. The two cores are completely independent, and they can be configured in a variety of ways within different RF lineups.

#### DSA Core

The DSA\_1 and DSA\_2 ports are internally matched to 50  $\Omega$ , so no external matching is required. However, **DC blocking capacitors must be used if there is voltage present on the RF lines from the preceding or following stages.** As a matter of good practice, it is recommended that DC blocks be used as a precaution.

Note that the DSA will not generate DC voltages on either pins 7 and 14, so the blocking capacitors can be omitted in cases where it can be guaranteed that no DC will couple onto the RF lines from the preceding or following RF stages. Any DC voltage applied to the DSA\_1 and DSA\_2 pins may lead to electrical overstress, so be cautious when contemplating the removal of these components.

#### AMP Core

The amplifier core is a broadband, highly linear gain block that is intended to be used within 50  $\Omega$  systems. The amplifier's input port typically requires a one- or two-element series-shunt match, while the output port requires a three-element match. DC bias for the core is fed in to the AMP\_OUT port via an RF choke. To place the amplifier in standby (STBY) mode, consider implementing a simple supply rail switch as shown below. Refer to the following application drawings for recommended component placement and value selection. As with most of Guerrilla RF's amplifier cores, additional tuning options can be found on the device's product page under the 'Custom Tunes' tab. Contact Guerrilla RF's applications team at applications@guerrilla-rf.com for additional assistance.





### GRF6411 Applications Circuit: DSA → Amplifier Cascade with External Supply Rail Switch



#### PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET



#### **GRF6411 Evaluation Board Schematic**



#### **GRF6411 Evaluation Board Assembly Diagram**



Component	Туре	Manufacturer	Family	Value	Package Size	Substitution
M1				DNP		Ok
M2	Resistor	Murata		0 Ω	0201	Ok
M3				DNP		Ok
M4	Capacitor	Murata	GJM	10 nF	0201	Ok
M5	Capacitor	Murata	GJM	1 μF	0402	Ok
M6				DNP		Ok
M7	Capacitor	Murata	GRM	1000 pF	0201	Ok
M8				DNP		Ok
M9				DNP		
M10	Ferrite Bead	Murata	BLM15HG102BH1	1 kΩ	0402	Ok
M11	Capacitor	Murata	GJM	10 µF	0402	Ok
M12	Capacitor	Murata	GRM	1000 pF	0402	Ok
M13	Capacitor	Murata	GJM	0.3 pF	0201	Ok
M14	Resistor	Murata		0 Ω	0201	Ok
M15				DNP		
Мхх	Capacitor	Murata	GJM	1000 pF	0201	Ok
M16				DNP		
M17	Resistor	Murata		0 Ω	0201	Ok
M18	Resistor	Murata		0 Ω	0201	Ok
Control Board	FT232H USB-C to GPIO, SPI and I2C Controller	Adafruit <b>(note 6)</b>				
Evaluation Board	QFN16-30-51-A					

## **GRF6411 Evaluation Board Assembly Diagram Reference**

**Note 5:** Standard evaluation board bias:  $V_{DD} = 5 V$ ,  $V_{DSA} = 5 V$ .

Note 6: For additional product details, go to https://www.adafruit.com/product/2264 .



PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET



Dimensions in millimeters

### 3 x 3 mm QFN-16 Suggested PCB Footprint (Top View)



QFN16 3x3mm Dimensions in millimeters

### 3 x 3 mm QFN-16 Package Dimensions



PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

## **Package Marking Diagram**

XXXX

- Line 1: "XXXX" = PART NUMBER.
- Line 2: "YY" = YEAR and "WW" = WEEK the device was assembled.

## **Tape and Reel Information**

Guerrilla RF's tape and reel specification complies with Electronic Industries Alliance (EIA) standards for "Embossed Carrier Tape of Surface Mount Components for Automatic Handling" (reference EIA-481). See the following page for the Tape and Reel Specification and Device Package Information table, which includes units per reel.

Devices are loaded with pins down into the carrier pocket with protective cover tape and reeled onto a plastic reel. Each reel is packaged in a cardboard box. There are product labels on the reel, the protective ESD bag and the outside surface of the box.



Tape and Reel Packaging with Reel Diameter Noted (D)



Carrier Tape Width (W), Pitch (P), Feed Direction and Pin 1 Quadrant Information



## **Revision History**

Revision Date	Description of Change
February 19, 2025	Advance Data Sheet – Initial Draft.
March 3, 2025	Changed INL and ASPD values for 7.2GHz and 8GHz to 'TBD'. Removed references to "Amp $\rightarrow$ DSA" performance witihn the Features section.
March 28, 2025	Preliminary Data Sheet.



### **Data Sheet Classifications**

Data Sheet Status	Notes
Advance	S-parameter and NF data based on EM simulations for the fully packaged device using foundry-supplied transistor S-parameters. Linearity estimates based on device size, bias condition and experience with related devices.
Preliminary	All data based on limited evaluation board measurements taken within the Guerrilla RF Applications Lab. All parametric values are subject to change pending the collection of additional data.
Release Ø	All data based on measurements taken with <i>production-released</i> material. TYP values are based on a combination of ATE and bench-level measurements, with MIN/MAX limits defined using <i>modelled estimates</i> that account for part-to-part variations and expected process spreads. Although unlikely, future refinements to the TYP/MIN/MAX values may be in order as multiple lots are processed through the factory.
Release A-Z	All data based on measurements taken with production-released material <i>derived from multiple lots which have been fabricated over an extended period of time</i> . MIN/MAX limits may be refined over previous releases as more statistically significant data is collected to account for process spreads.

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